

Road Trip Safety



Japanese traffic rule check (quiz): 14 questions in all

日本交通規則檢查(測驗): 14 個問題

일본 교통 규칙 검사 (퀴즈) : 모두 14 문항

การตรวจสอบกฎจราจรของญี่ปุ่น (แบบทดสอบ): มีคำถามทั้งหมด 14 ข้อ

Pemeriksaan peraturan trafik Jepun (kuiz): 14 soalan dalam semua

Start

Quiz about road safety rules in Japan (14 questions)

Please select your country.







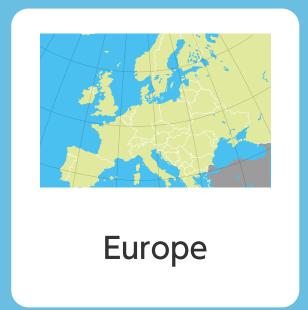






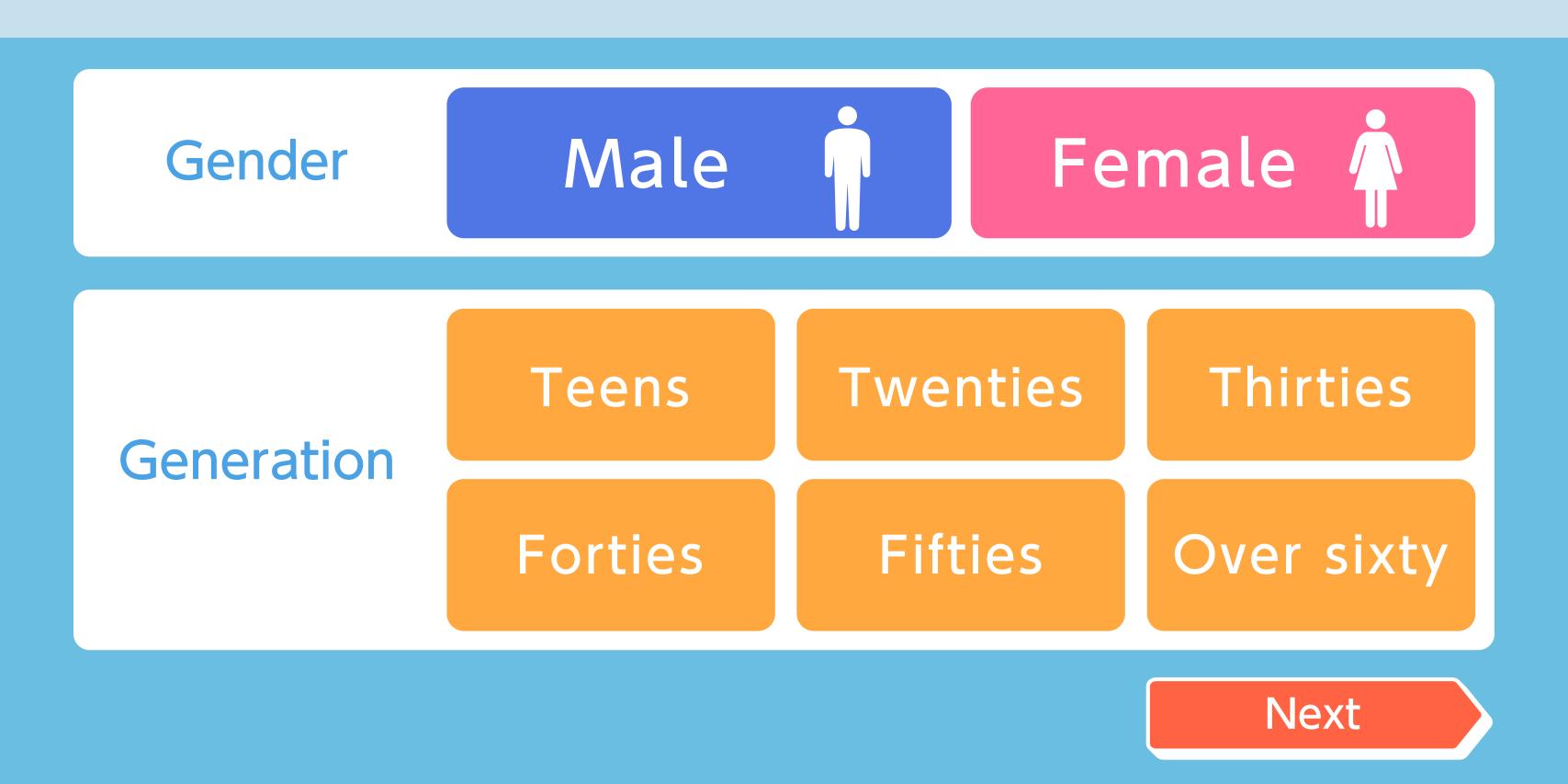




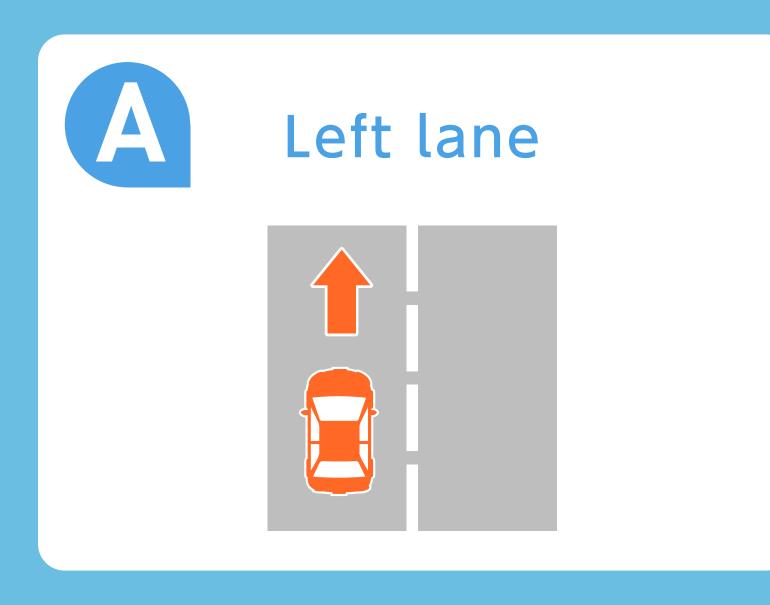


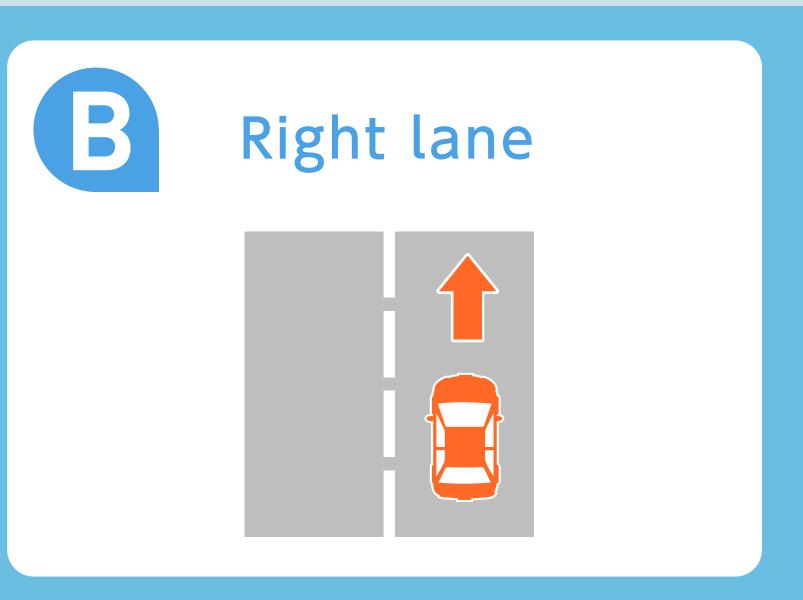
Other countries

Please enter your information

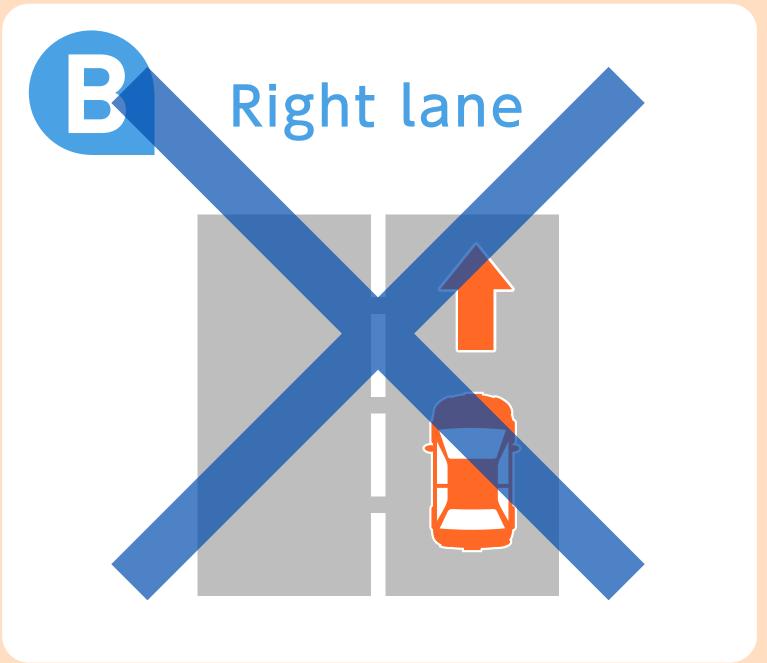


In Japan, which side of the road should you drive on?



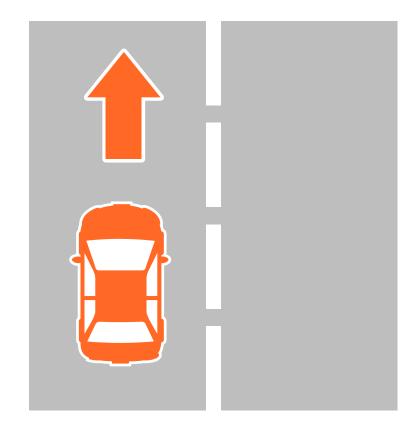






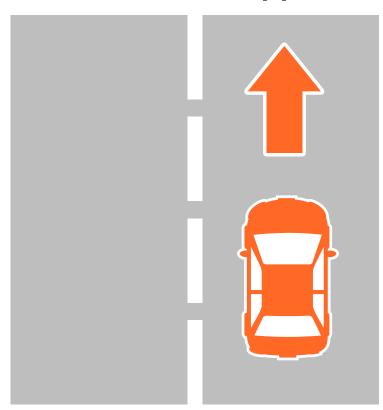


Cars drive on the left side of the road in Japan





In Europe, most cars drive on the right side of the road except in Ireland, the UK, Malta, and Cyprus.

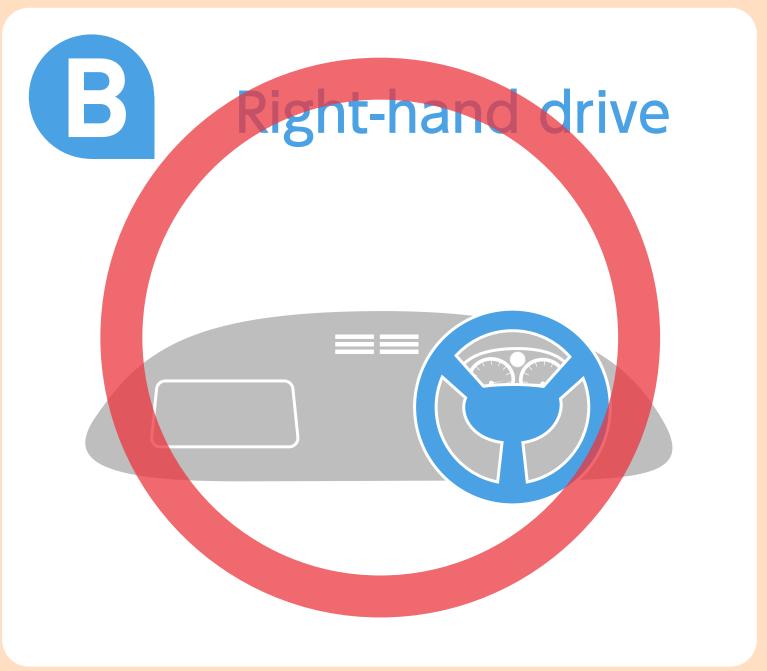


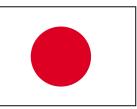
In Japan, which side is the steering wheel on?



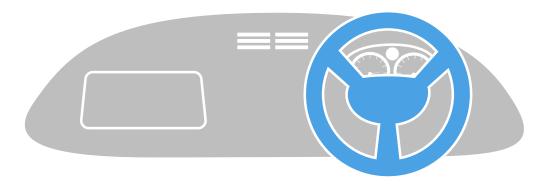






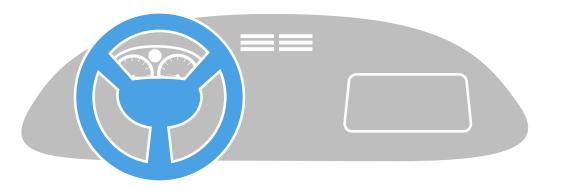


In Japan, cars drive on the left side of the road. Generally, the steering wheel is on right side of the car. It is dangerous to drive on the opposite side. Please be aware of this when driving.

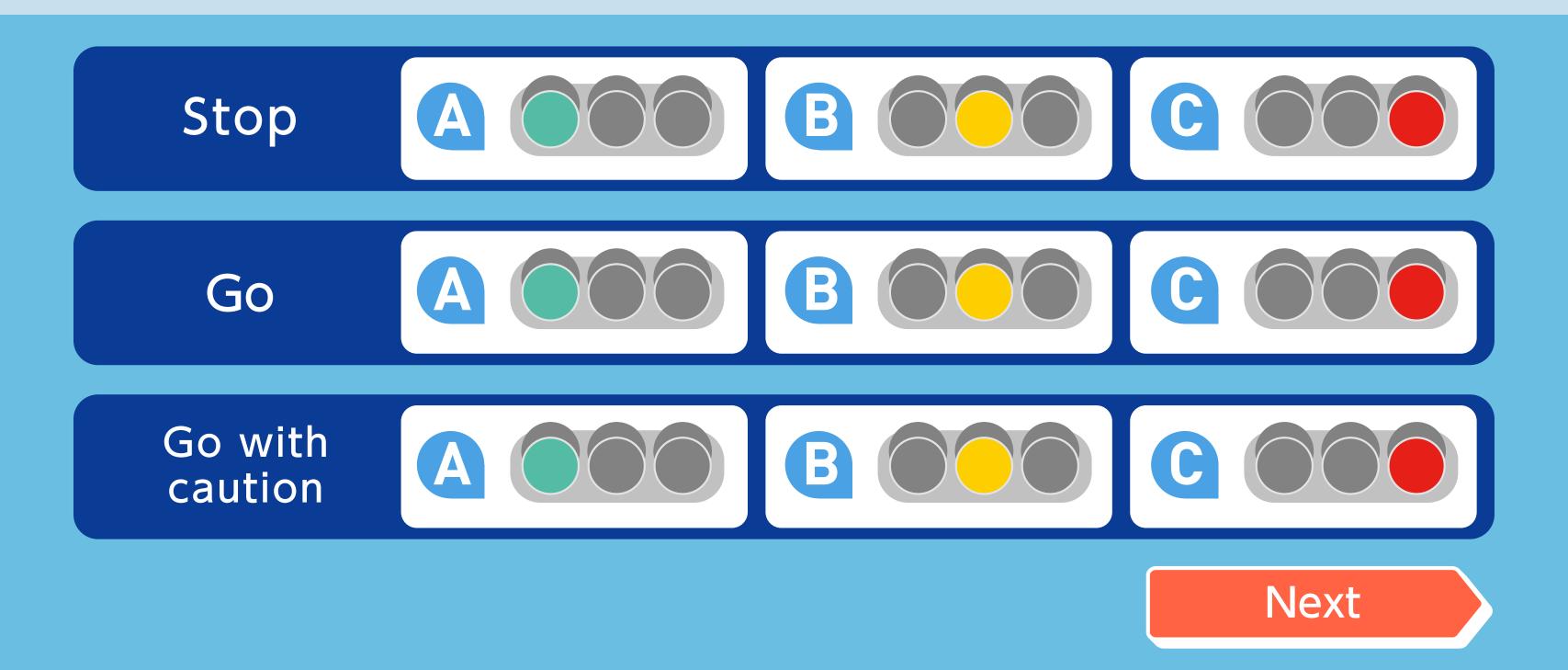


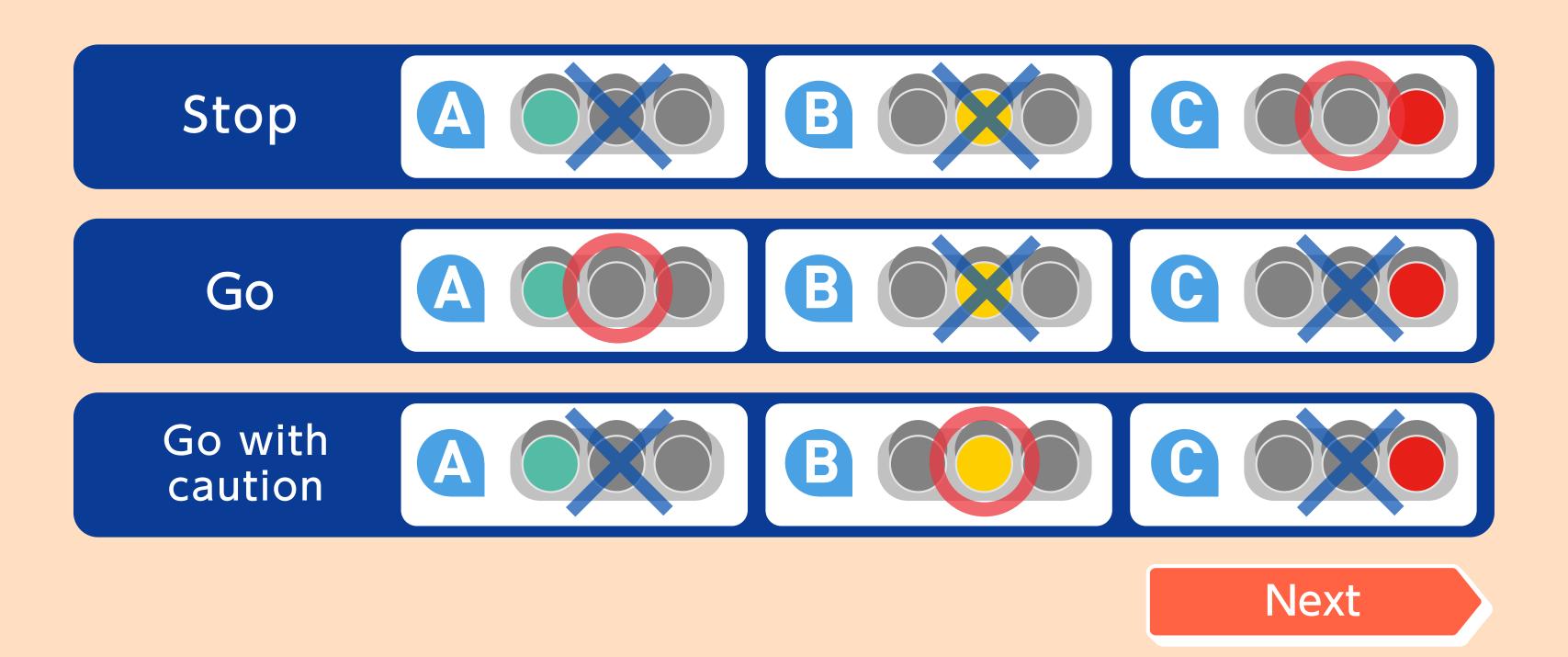


In Europe, vehicles are generally left-hand drive except in Ireland, the UK, Malta, and Cyprus.



Please choose the correct answer for each traffic light color meaning.







Japanese traffic lights



The meaning of Japanese traffic light colors are as follows. Please take note:

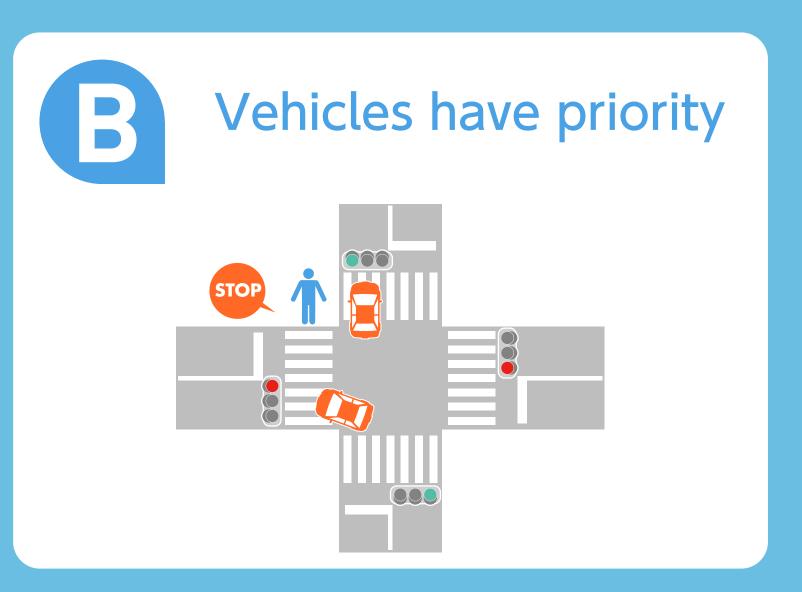
- 1 Red: Stop (Stop at the Stop sign)
- ② Blue (Green):Go (Proceed forward, or turn right or left)
- 3 Yellow (Orange): Go with caution (If you stop, do not go ahead of the Stop sign).

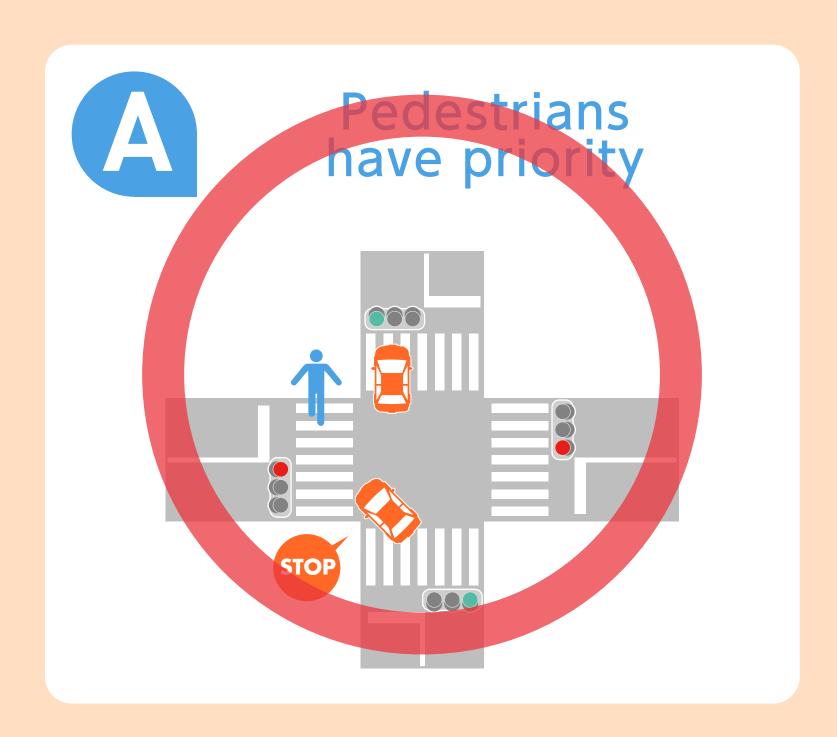


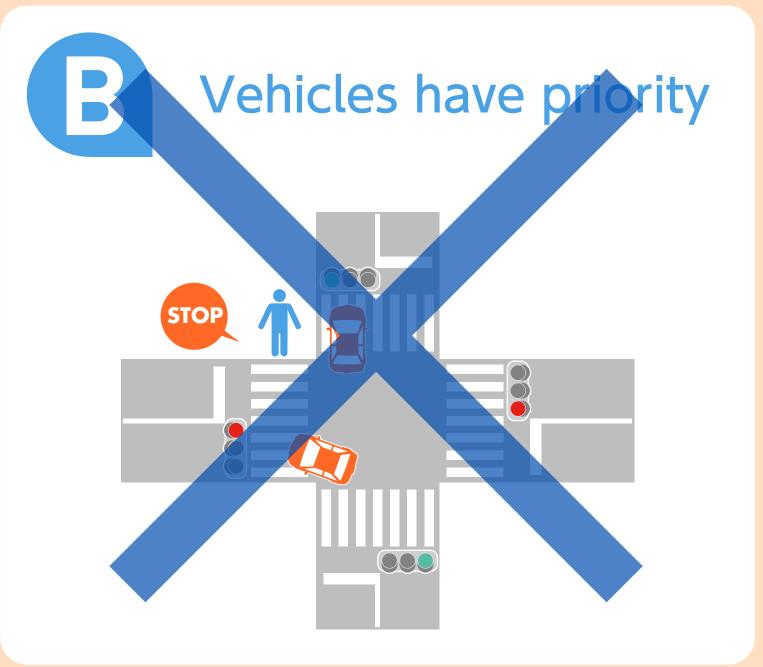
The traffic light color scheme is red, orange (yellow), and green (blue), with most systems in a vertical formation. The meanings of the colors are the sameas Japan, where red is "Stop", orange (yellow) is "Proceed with caution", and green (blue) is "Go". Signal lights can have different meanings depending on the country, so please be aware of the differences.

In Japan, which is the correct answer at an intersection?











In Japan, when cars turn right or left at an intersection, please take note that the order of priority is as follows:

- 1 Pedestrians have priority (when cars turn right or left)
- 2 Priority to cars turning left
- 3 Priority to oncoming cars going straight when you are waiting to turn right





In Europe, almost all countries give priority to

- 1) pedestrians and
- 2 vehicles on the right side.



What is the meaning of this sign?



A

Slow/Yield

B

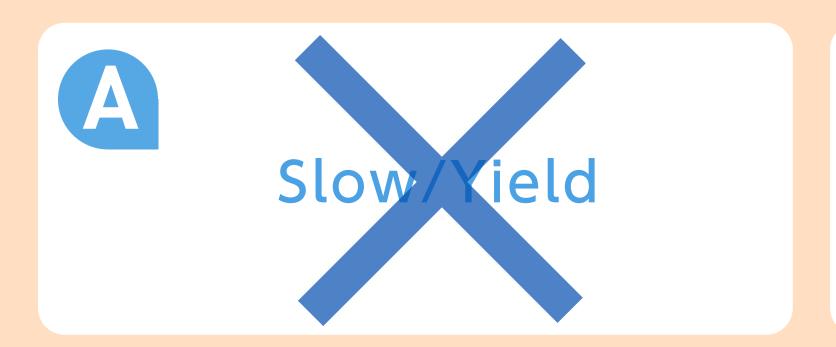
Stop

C

Entry Permitted

D

No Parking











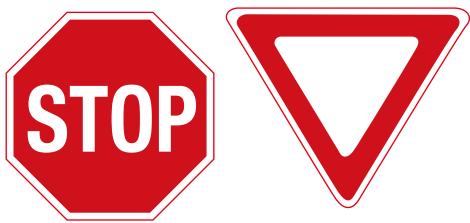
In Japan, cars must Stop at the places below:

- 1 Stop sign
- 2 Red blinking traffic lights
- 3 In front of a railroad crossing





In Europe, when cars enter a roundabout (rotary) or approach a railroad crossing, vehicles must slow down. This is different than "Yield", which is often seen in Europe. In addition, cars must stop at a blinking red light until the light is out.



What is the meaning of this arrow traffic light? (Single answer)



Cars can go straight and turn left

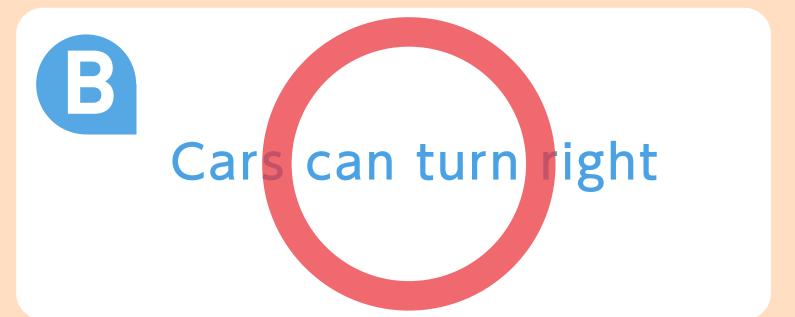
B

Cars can turn right

Trams/streetcars/trolleyscan turn right

Pedestrians can go straight





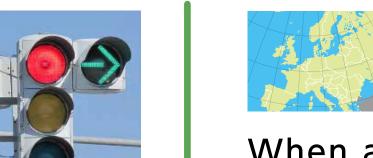
Trams/streetcars/trolleyscan turn right



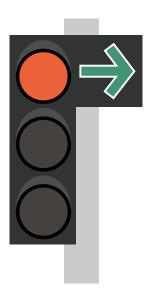


In Japan, there are arrow traffic lights.
Please take note that vehicles can go
depending on the arrow's direction and color.

- 1 In Japan, if the arrow color is green (blue), cars can go in the direction it is pointing, even if the traffic light is red.
- 2 If the arrow color is yellow, then only trams or streetcars can go in the direction it is pointing, even if the traffic light is red.



When a green arrow pointing right is shown, cars can approach slowly and turn right even on red lights.



What is the meaning of this sign?





One-way



Road prioritized for cars





Fork in the road



No right turns

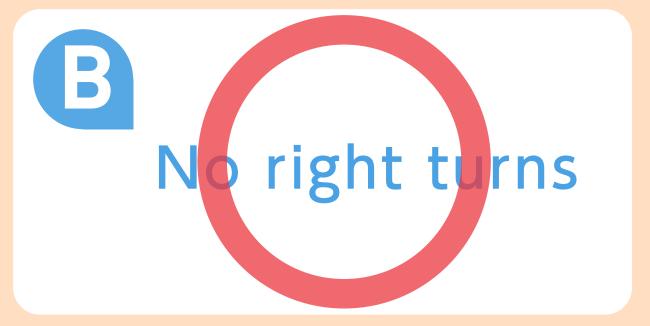


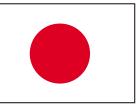










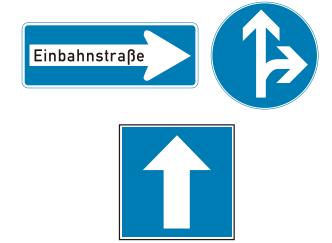


In Japan, you can see many One-Way signs and No Throughfare/Do Not Enter signs. Please take note of those signs.

- 1 Drivers must go in the direction that a One-way sign is pointing.
- 2 Follow all directional signs towards the way they are pointing. Please be careful as there are many different kinds of traffic signs that may be different than in your country.



"One-way" and "Directional" signs can have slightly different meanings depending on the country, but usually means the following:



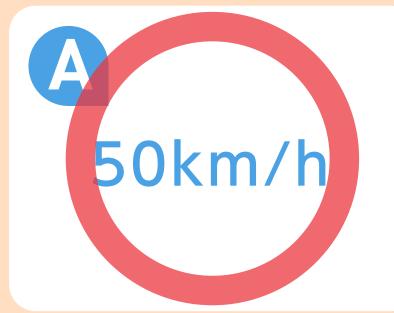


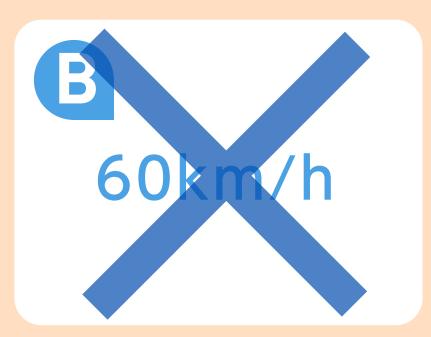
Please choose the correct answer for the speed limit in Japan.

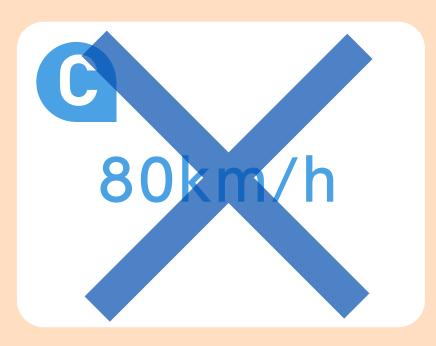


Regular roads



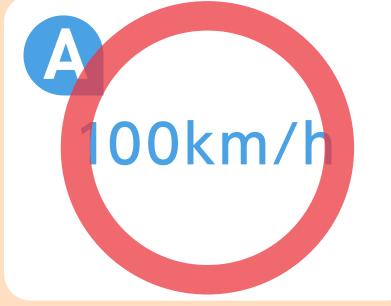


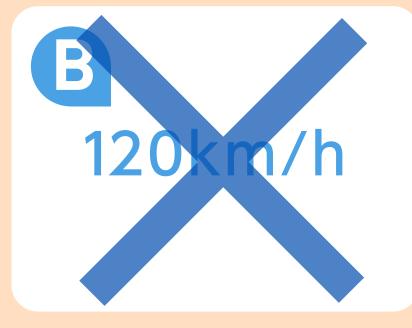


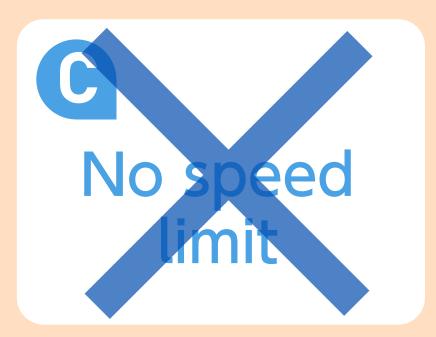


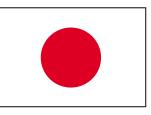
Highways











In Japan, speed limits are shown on signs and is also dependent on current road conditions. Please drive carefully and follow the speed limit.

If there are no speed limit signs, the maximum speed is 60 km/h on regular roads and 100 km/h on the highway.

① Regular roads: 30-60km/h

2 Highways: 70-100km/h



Depending on the country, but usually means the following:

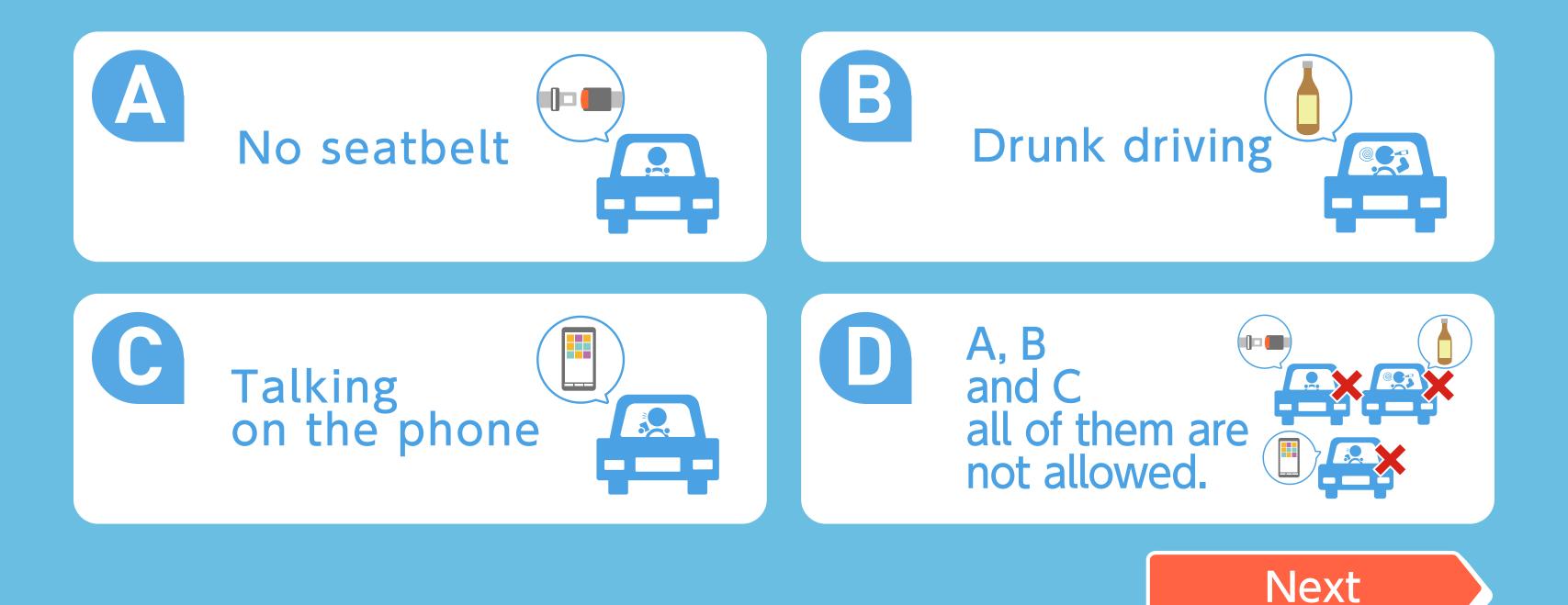
- 1 Regular roads: 80-90km/h
- 2 Urban areas are limited to 30-50km/h in many countries Highways have a maximum speed limit between 100-130km/h Follow all speed limit signs.

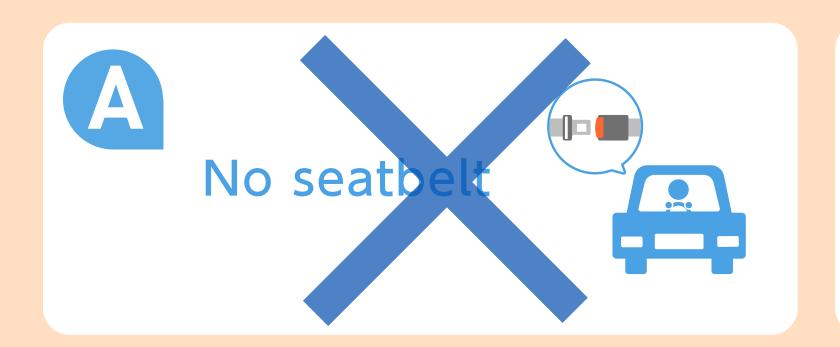






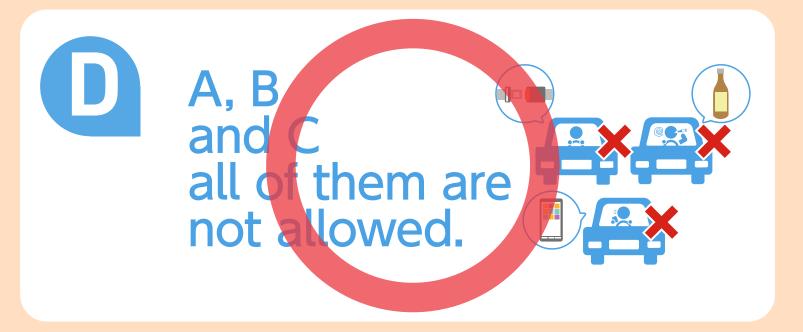
Q. What is allowed while driving?













In Japan, the following behaviors are dangerous and prohibited while driving. These rules may be different than those in your country, so please be aware of them.

- 1 Drinking and driving is prohibited. (It is strictly prohibited to drive after drinking any alcohol. This includes low alcoholic drinks like beer).
- 2 All vehicle occupants (in the driver's seat, passenger seats, and back seats) must fasten seatbelts.
- 3 Use of phones or devices (talking, texting, searching, etc.) is prohibited while driving.



- ① Drinking and driving is allowed some countries, but recently many European countries prohibit it.
- 2 Seatbelts must always be worn by the driver and all passengers in most European countries.
- 3 Using phone's and devices while driving is prohibited in almost all countries.

Which of the following is the allowed when parking in Japan? (multiple answers)



Parking in a public car parking lot.









Long-term parking at a convenience store.





Parking on the side of the road that displays the sign below.





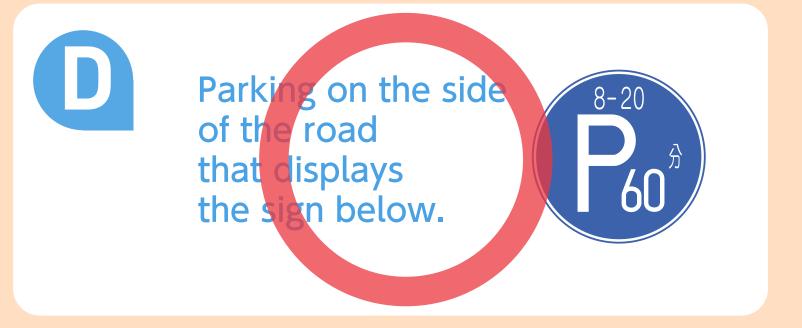
Parking on the side of the road that displays the sign below.













- In Japan, parking in the following areas are allowed:

 1 In a public parking lot where you will use the stores and facilities. (It is considered poor etiquette to park at convenience stores but do not use them).
- 2 At a toll parking lot.
 3 On the side of the road that displays the parking sign. (If you park on a road with no parking sign, you may risk getting a fine).

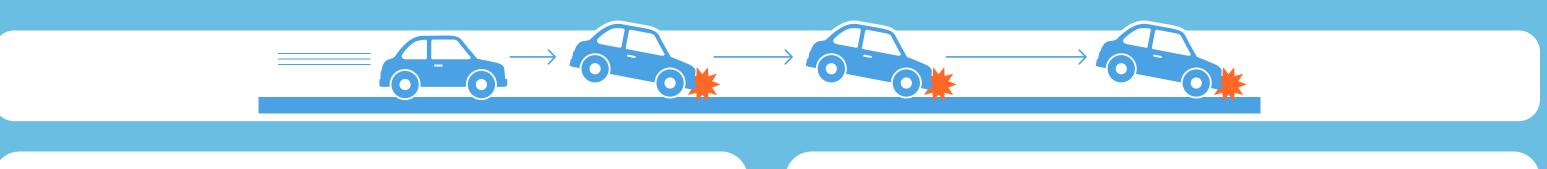


(Parking Permitted Sign)





How much more slippery is it on an icy winter road compared to a dry road?



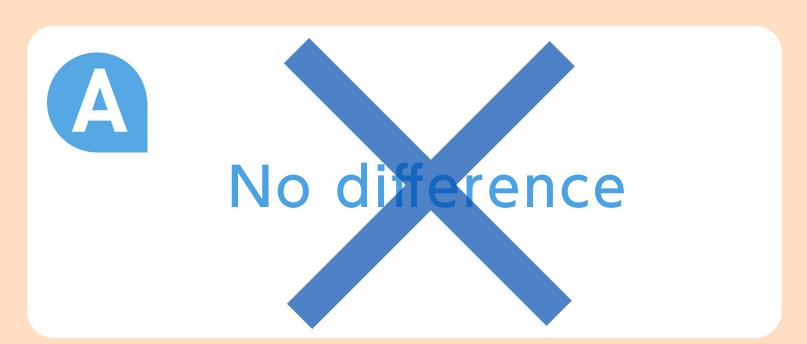
No difference

B

About 2 times more slippery

About 5 times more slippery

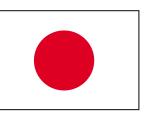
About 10 times more slippery





About 5 times more slippery





A winter road is 10 times more slippery compared to a dry road. Please drive slowly and responsibly. Take extra care during winter since roads may look dry but is actually icy.

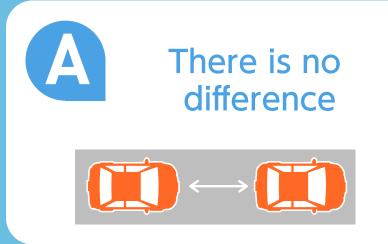


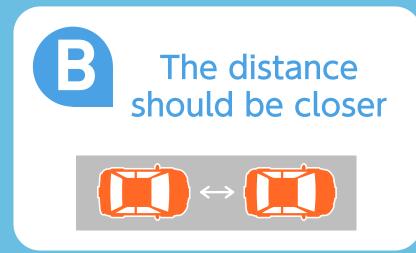


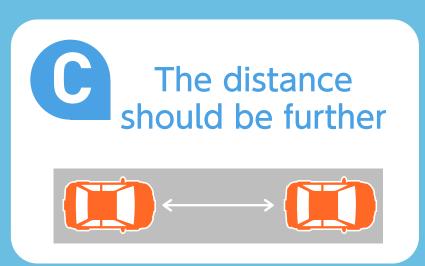
Please choose the correct answer when driving in winter conditions.

The following distance behind another car

(comparing to dry road conditions)



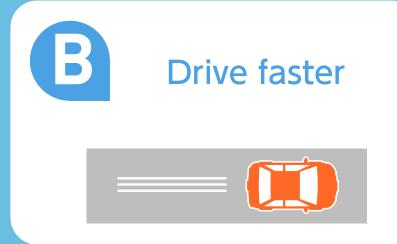




The driving speed

(Compared to dry road conditions)

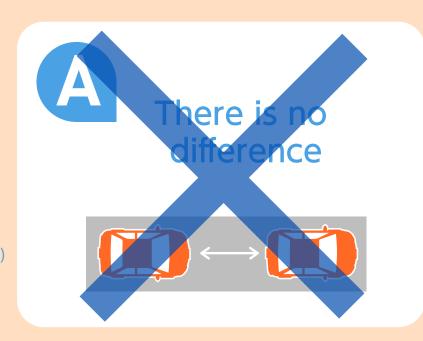


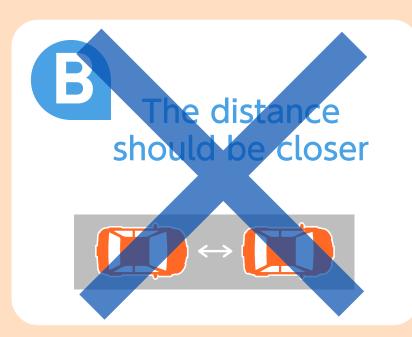


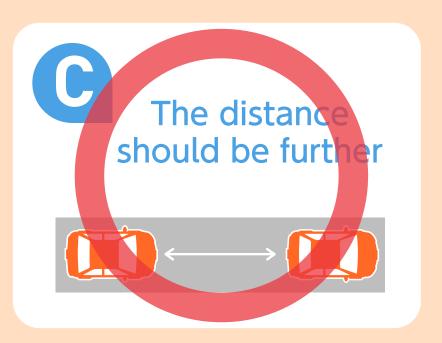


The following distance behind another car

(comparing to dry road conditions)



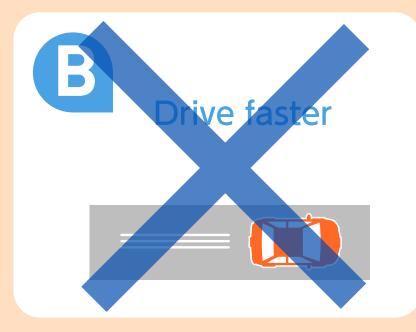




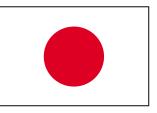
The driving speed

(Compared to dry road conditions)







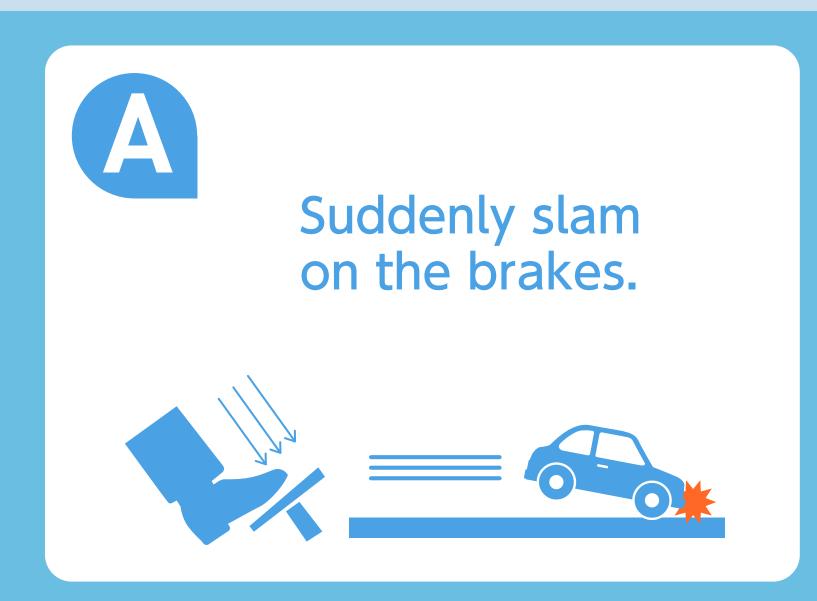


In winter conditions, it takes much more time and distance to stop your car compared to dry roads. Please leave more following distance behind another car, slow down, and drive safe.

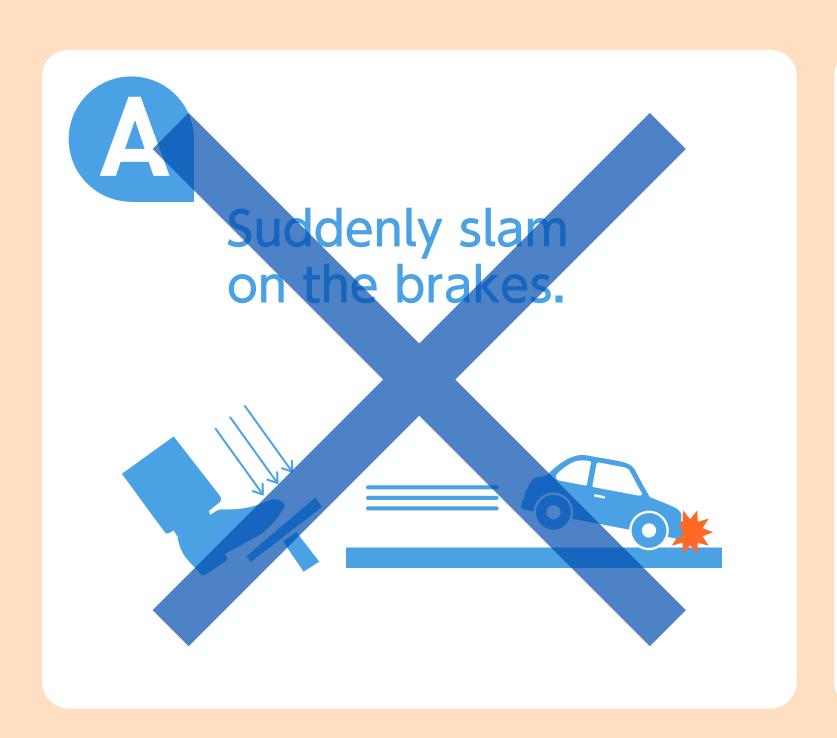


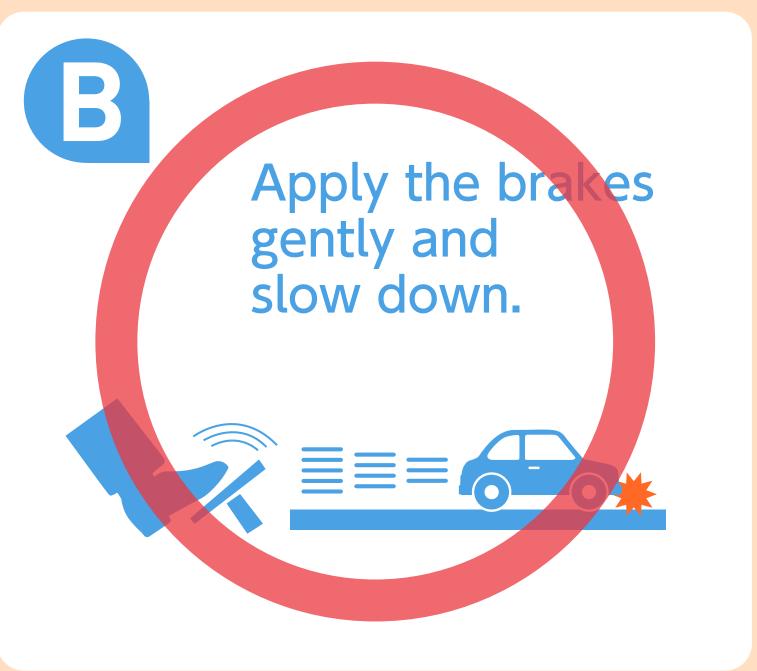


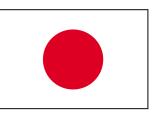
Please choose the correct answer for braking in winter conditions.











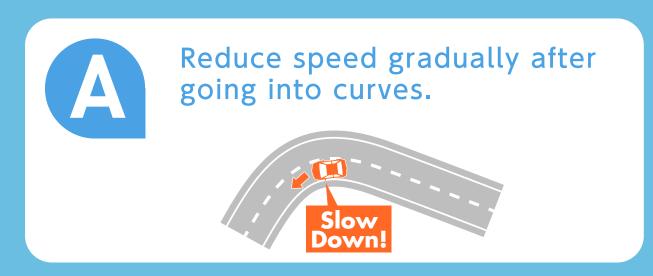
When slamming on the brakes on icy roads, the steering wheel will lock up and your car will slip out of control. Avoid slamming on the brakes and instead, gently apply the brakes to slow down before coming to a complete stop.

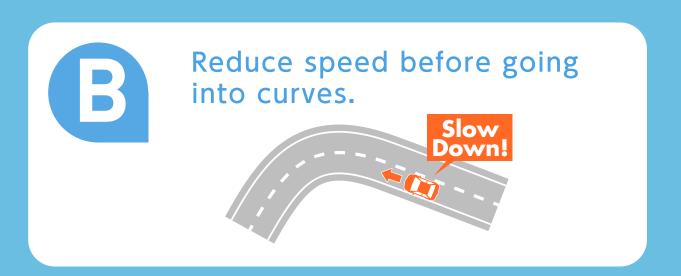
About ABS In Japan, most rental cars have an anti-lock brake system (ABS). A car equipped with an ABS prevents the wheels from locking up, even if a driver slams on the brakes. When ABS is active, the brake pedal will suddenly vibrate. Continue stepping on the brake pedal even as it is vibrating and point the car in the direction you want to go using the steering wheel.



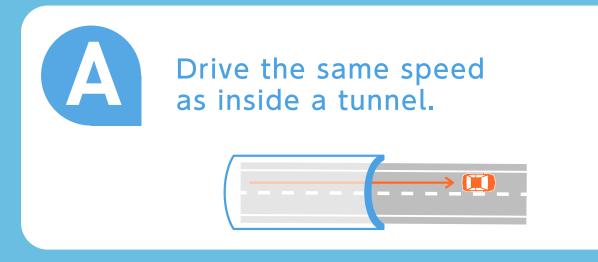
Please choose the correct answer for driving in dangerous areas(curves in the road, tunnel exits) during winter.

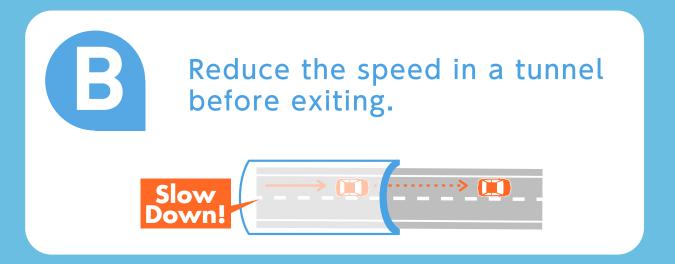
How to drive on curvy roads.





How to drive near tunnel exits.



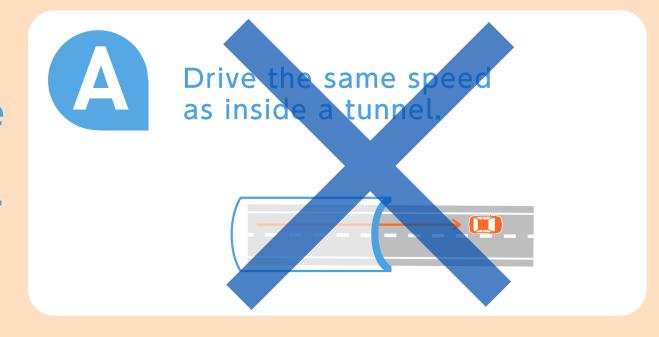


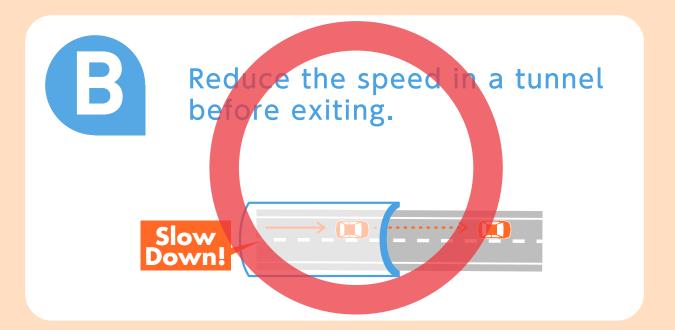
How to drive on curvy roads.





How to drive near tunnel exits.



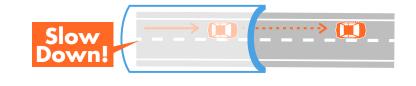




In winter, roads are much more slippery compared to dry road conditions. Take care to drive safely, especially near the following places.

- ①Curves: Turns in the road become especially dangerous when it is slippery. Reduce speed before going into curves and make turns slowly.
- 2Tunnel: It is usually dry inside a tunnel. However, the exit is often icy and may cause your car to slip if you come out of a tunnel at the same speed. Reduce speed before the tunnel exit.





Comprehension check of traffic rules in Japan

	Your Answer	Your score
Q.01 Driving lane		
Q.02 Steering wheel	0	
Q.03 Traffic lights	X	
Q.04 Rules of the intersection	X	
Q.05 Stop sign		
Q.06 Arrow traffic lights		
Q.07 One-way		
Q.08 Speed limits	<u> </u>	
Q.09 Rules while driving	X	
Q.10 Parking		14
Q.11 Slippery conditions on winter roads	X	
Q.12 Winter driving	X	
Q.13 Braking in winter		
Q.14 Especially dangerous areas in winter		Next







Finish